www.geowell.com.sg







Rapid wastewater clarifying system





GEOCLE Series

GWC 40 GWC 60 GWC 80







Hydro cyclone

GEOCEL series, a rapid hydro-cyclone system is a devic e for separating solid waste from water in wastewater and sewage treatment using the method of cyclonic separatio n.

Generally, cyclonic separation is a method of removing p articulates from an air, gas or liquid stream, without the u se of filters, through vortex separation. Rotational effects and gravity are used to separate mixtures of solids and fl uids.

A high speed rotating flow is established within a cylindric al or conical container called a cyclone. Air flows in a heli cal pattern, beginning at the top (wide end) of the cyclone and ending at the bottom (narrow) end before exiting the cyclone in a straight stream through the center of the cycl one and out the top.

Larger (denser) particles in the rotating strea m have too much inertia to follow the tight cu rve of the stream, and strike the outside wall, then falling to the bottom of the cyclone whe re they can be removed. In a conical system, as the rotating flow moves towards the narro w end of the cyclone, the rotational radius of the stream is reduced, thus separating small er and smaller particles. The cyclone geomet ry, together with flow rate, defines the cut poi nt of the cyclone. This is the size of particle t hat will be removed from the stream with a 5 0% efficiency. Particles larger than the cut po int will be removed with a greater efficiency, and smaller particles with a lower efficiency.





Performance













🌔 약품 정보

Chemical type	Input ratio (L/min)	Figure
Chemical 1	1L	Anionic poly-acrylamid dispersed in water in oil emul sion
Chemical 2	0.95L	PAC(Poly Aluminium Chloride)

- * Chemical 1 : polyacrylamide is to flocculate solids in a liquid. This process applies to wastewater treatment, and processes like paper making. Most polyacrylamide is supplied in a liquid form. The liquid is subcategorized as solution and emulsion polymer. Even though these products are often called 'polyacrylamide', many are actually copolymers of acrylamide and one or more other chemical species, such as an acrylic acid or a salt thereof. The main consequence of this is to give the 'modified' polymer a particular ionic character.
- * Chemical 2 : Poly Aluminium Chlorides are synthetic polymers dissolved in water. They react to form insoluble aluminium polyhydroxides which precipitate in big volumetric flocs. The flocs absorb suspended pollutants in the water which are precipitated with the PAC and can together be easily removed.





GEOCLE Series

Water Reclaim Clarifier



Static mixer

A **static mixer** is a device for mixing two fluid materials. Normally the fluids to be mixed ar e liquid. The device consists of mixer elemen ts contained in a cylindrical (tube) or squared housing. A common application is mixing two -component adhesives and sealants. Other a pplications include <u>wastewater treatment</u> and c h e m i c a l p r o c e s s i n g.





MAIN COMPONENTS



Other components





Specification

Model	GWC 40	GWC 60	GWC 80	
Size (m)	1,5(W) x 2,26(L) x 2,6(H)	2.0(W) x L3,8(L) x 3,74(H)	2,2(W) x L3,9(L) x 4,0(H)	
Capacity (m³/h)	35-40	50-60	70-80	
Gross weight	0.55 Ton	2.8 Ton	3.2 Ton	
Power consumptio n	6.5Kw/h (380~440V / 2~3phase / 50~60Hz)			
Sludge discharge	Auto sludge discharge by motor valve (adjustable frequancy)			
Level sensor type	Level switch			
Target turbidity	10~20 NTU			
Chemicals	Chemical 1 & Chemical 2			
Dosing pump	2 sets			
No. Mixing motor (Chemical Mixing)	2 sets			
Volume of primary reaction tank (m ³)	6 cubic meter			
Option Function	pH System			
	NaOH System(Chemical tank, motor, Dosing pump)			

* Above information are able to change without notice for system upgrade.



